

Want \$40?

It's possible for you to get it. Read The Washington Herald and learn about the cash awards of from \$3 to \$40 each to Herald readers.

THE WASHINGTON HERALD

THE HERALD HAS
—another interesting puzzle contest
with prizes to the solvers of from \$3 to
\$40 each. One of them might be
VACATION MONEY FOR YOU.

NO. 3549.

WEATHER—FAIR.

WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1916.

ONE CENT.

CARRANZA NOTE IS ACCEPTABLE, LANSING STATES

U. S. Reply to Be Delivered
Today—Intervention
Will Be Avoided.

NEW POLICIES APPEAR

Married Guardsmen Released
and Americans in Mexico
to Be Repudiated.

STEPS IN LINE WITH PROJECT

Wilson Expected Soon to Order the
Formal Withdrawal of Troops
from the Republic.

Secretary of State Lansing informed Ambassador-designate Arredondo yesterday that Carranza's note is acceptable to the United States and that this government's reply will be delivered today. Its form has already been agreed upon.

The administration announced two policies yesterday that indicate the President is determined to carry out his plan of settling the Mexican question without intervention. They were:

First, that the National Guardsmen with families dependent upon them will be exempted from service on the Mexican border. All steps to exempt members of the militia were resisted when the President, after calling out the troops, was preparing to intervene.

Second, that Americans remaining in Mexico will be denied the protection of the United States. If killed this government will consider it their own fault for not heeding the warning to come out.

Withdrawal Expected Soon.

The next step is expected to be the issuance of a formal order to Gen. Funston to withdraw the Pershing expedition from Mexico. Mexican Embassy officials are confident the final withdrawal movement will be ordered within a week.

Another step considered in furtherance of the President's desire to conciliate Carranza is the full recognition of Mr. Arredondo as Ambassador from Mexico and the dispatch of Henry C. Fletcher to Mexico City to assume his post as Ambassador of Mexico.

President Wilson and Secretary Lansing are understood to have agreed at their conference yesterday that the American reply will be brief, approximating the length of Carranza's short note.

The main points on the reply to Carranza were outlined as follows:

The United States agrees to discuss future relations with Mexico directly between the State Department and Carranza.

No References to Charges.

The United States will admit that the presence of American troops is not justifiable if, as alleged in the Carranza note, the Mexican government can maintain order on the international border.

In announcing its willingness to withdraw American troops as soon as Carranza demonstrates his ability to handle the situation, the note will point out that this has been the American government's position from the first.

Inasmuch as Carranza's note made no reference to the charges made in the preceding American note against the Mexican de facto government of insincerity, duplicity, deliberate hostility to the United States, and connivance with Villa, the American reply will not refer again to these subjects.

In the forthcoming diplomatic exchanges between the State Department and Ambassador-designate Arredondo, it was made plain yesterday the United States will not press at this time for indemnities for American life and property destroyed since the recognition of the Carranza government.

Secretary Lansing went farther when he made his announcement that if Americans are killed hereafter in Mexico it will be their own fault.

Mr. Lansing was asked the direct question as to what measure of protection American citizens in Mexico would have if the troops are withdrawn.

"None," the Secretary replied.

Fire Wipes Out Whole Town.

Vancouver, B. C., July 6.—The town of Ashcroft, 250 miles east of Vancouver, in the Thompson River Valley, was virtually wiped out today by fire. The only buildings saved were the Canadian Pacific Railway station, and freight sheds.

Chink Mayor Has Famed Flag.

Butte, Mont., July 6.—Louis Quon Loy, mayor of Butte's Chinatown, today unhurled a frayed American flag which has a history. It was carried in the Mexican war in 1846 by the late Capt. Shepard, well known in Butte.

U. S. Buys 1,700 Army Wagons.

Jeffersonville, Ind., July 6.—Seventeen hundred army wagons, costing \$218,675, which are to be delivered within thirty to forty-five days, have been contracted for at the quartermaster's depot here.

Austrians Evacuate Two Towns.

Rome, July 6.—The Italian war office announced today that the Austro-Hungarians have evacuated Massaf and Prima Vetusta in the Campello Valley.

WIND LEVELS BIG CAMP.

25,000 Canadian Troops Suffer from
Disastrous Storm.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, July 6.—High wind, which at times took on proportions of a cyclone, swept from the western borders of Manitoba to Winnipeg early this afternoon, wrecking buildings, demolishing telephone and telegraph wires, and doing serious damage to crops.

It went through central Manitoba and struck Camp Hughes, where 25,000 troops are training. Big tents were leveled, temporary buildings demolished, and several soldiers sustained fractured limbs.

SHARK EATS BATHER'S LEGS

Man Eater Attacks Swimmer
at Jersey Resort and
Kills Him.

JAGGED STUMPS OF YOUTH STAIN WATER DEEP CRIMSON

(By the Sun News Service.)

Spring Lake, N. J., July 6.—While hundreds of summer visitors on the beach looked on helplessly, Charles Bruder, a bell boy in one of the large beach-front hotels, was attacked by a shark this afternoon, and before help could arrive, lost both his legs. He died ten minutes after he was brought to shore.

Bruder had gone in for a swim from the pavilion, which is directly in front of the New Monmouth Hotel, the resort's largest hostelry. He was known to the beach guards as a strong swimmer, and when he went 100 feet or more beyond the life lines they only occasionally looked his way.

Suddenly he was heard to cry, and a woman on the beach yelled to the life guards, "That man in the red canoe has upset and is calling for help," the blood on the water confusing her. The guards, George White and Chris Anderson, knowing that Bruder was not in a boat, realized that something was wrong, although he remained on top of the water. They launched a boat and were at his side in the bloody water in a short time.

Bruder exclaimed, "A shark bit me," and became unconscious as he was pulled into the boat.

The two guards brought him to shore and tried to give first aid while waiting for a physician, but the man died within ten minutes. Examination of the body disclosed the fact that the shark had bitten Bruder in the side before taking his legs off. The left leg was cut off clean above the knee and the right leg just below the knee.

RUSS ATTACK STILL RAGES

Vienna Admits Fall of Sad-
zawka and Withdrawal
of Austrian Troops.

VON HINDENBURG'S LINES HARASSED WITHOUT LET-UP

(By the Sun News Service.)

London, July 6.—The official bulletin from Petrograd tonight shows that today's fighting in the Russian theater, violent though it was at all of the vital parts of the far-flung battle line, did not result in any decisive successes or reserves to either side.

The Russian war office tonight reports the capture between July 3 and 6 of seventy-eight officers and 3,000 men.

The Russians continued today to attack Field Marshal von Hindenburg's lines around Baranovitch. Repeated counterattacks were repulsed, according to Petrograd, and the battle developed in the advantage of the Russians.

Vienna tonight admits the fall of the city of Sadzawka, on the Pruth, eleven miles northwest of Kolomea, and the withdrawal of the Austro-Hungarian troops to a line some four miles to the west. Attacks against this new front were repulsed.

The Austro-Hungarians, on their part, recaptured their line on the Korpice brook, slightly westward of Buczac.

A violent battle still rages in the bend of the Stry, north of Kolki.

BIG RAILROAD SOLD.

N. Y. C. Gets \$8,500,000 for Stock
In N. Y. C. & St. L.

New York, July 6.—The New York Central Railroad Company today sold all the stock owned by it in the New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad to Cleveland interests represented by O. P. and M. J. Van Sweringen, for \$8,500,000, of which \$2,000,000 was paid in cash and the remainder in notes.

The directors representing the New York Central have resigned and the new owners have elected successors.

Wife Divorces Slayer Waite.

Grand Rapids, Mich., July 6.—Mrs. Clara Louisa Peck-Waite, wife of the New York dentist under death sentence for the poisoning of his father-in-law, was this afternoon granted an absolute divorce.

Argue Casement Appeal July 17.

London, July 6.—The appeal of Sir Roger Casement, who was found guilty of high treason and sentenced to death, will be argued on July 17 before five judges in the Court of Appeals.

VILLA RETAKES SADDLE AGAINST HIS OLD ENEMY

Bandit, Recovered from His
Wounds, Leading 3,000
Men Against Carranza.

FEAR ATTACK ON PARRAL

Columbus Raid Leader Sends
Summons to Former
Lieutenants.

TREVINO DECLARED AFRAID

Spirit of "Pancho" Reported to Domi-
nate Forces of De Facto
Government.

(By the Sun News Service.)

El Paso, Tex., July 6.—Two reliable reports reaching El Paso today indicated that Pancho Villa has within the past few weeks been recruiting a considerable force in southern Chihuahua state, and that he is again in the field after his old enemy, "First Chief" Carranza.

The Villistas referred to in Chihuahua City dispatches as comprising several regiments, almost wiped out a force of Carranzistas under Gen. Ignacio Ramos Monday at Corral ranch, fifteen miles southwest of Jimenez, and have since attacked Jimenez, according to reports received by mining men here today. Jimenez is 120 miles south of Chihuahua City.

The broken Ramos command which returned to Jimenez is said to have been re-enforced there by 2,000 men under Gen. Domingo Arrieta. The Villista command is said to have numbered 3,000.

Gen. Reyes Gets Summons.

Another report brought here today by an American who has extensive interests in southern Chihuahua was that Francisco Villa recently sent a communication to his former lieutenant, Gen. Canuto Reyes, who recently accepted amnesty from the Carranza government, asking him to reconsider his decision.

This message was turned over by Reyes to Gen. Jacinto Trevino, Carranzista commander of the division of the north, it is said. The American said he had definite information that at the same time Villa sent for Reyes he was at San Juan Bautista, about thirty miles south of Parral, and had with him about 1,000 men.

Reports persistently reach here that Villa is again able to be in the saddle, completely recovered from the wounds sustained some time ago, and said at that time to have caused his death.

March on Parral.

Another report under Villa leaders is said to be marching in the direction of Parral.

Already they have been notified that the Carranza garrison will surrender, rather than fight, it is said.

Trevino's army is so dominated by the spirit of Villa, or Villalism, that the Carranza leader is declared to be timid about sending troops against the revolutionary forces.

An official in Juarez, prominently identified with the de facto government admitted today the hungry Carranza army had been prevented from breaking up into guerrilla bands only by the excitement of possible conflict with the United States. This official said he would not be surprised to see another border raid of serious consequence within the next few days. He indicated knowledge of a large movement of bandits between Laredo and Brownsville.

MEXICAN RAIDERS SLAY ONE MORE AMERICAN

(Sun News Service.)

Webster City, Iowa, July 6.—Word was received here today that Prof. D. A. Kent, formerly a professor at the State Agricultural College at Ames, and later owner of the Lake Cairo farm, south of this city, had been killed in Texas by Mexican border raiders, with two of his ranch hands.

It is not known when the murders took place. Two years ago Prof. Kent went to Donna, Tex., where he owned a large ranch.

WAR BONDS TO BE NEW.

Treasury Opposed to Use of Panama
Issue for Mexican Expenses.

An entirely new issue of war bonds will be authorized by Congress, and the Panama Canal bonds, now authorized, will not be used to raise money to pay the expenses of military operations against Mexico, according to present indications at the Treasury Department.

The Panama bonds run for fifty years and the administration is opposed to saddling the government with the burden of interest charges. Special war bonds of small denominations, running from one to five years, probably will be authorized. It was stated at the Treasury yesterday.

\$400,000 Fire in Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 6.—Four hundred thousand dollars damage was done by an early morning fire in the heart of the Pittsburgh district. For a time the destruction of an entire business block was threatened.

Wedded Militiamen Freed By Secretary Baker's Order; Fifth at D. C. Camp Married

Secretary of War Baker, by an order issued last night, brought relief to the families of thousands of militiamen throughout the United States who have viewed with alarm the departure of the troops for the border.

In substance the order releases from service all members of the National Guard who are married and who have families dependent upon them for support. Commanders will pass upon the merits of each individual case for exemption from active service.

When news of the order was received at Camp Ordway shortly after 8 o'clock last night, there was general rejoicing. Many wives and mothers, who at that moment were seated beneath the little brown tents telling their beloved ones of the struggle they were having to make ends meet at home, were overjoyed.

Even the commanders of the District

Guard were gratified at the receipt of the order. They said the War Department's desire to weed out the married men indicates that the militia is to be kept on the border for several months, at least.

It was estimated that between 15 and 20 per cent of the men at Camp Ordway are married. Company commanders predicted that hardly more than 8 per cent of all the married men would seek exemption. Although all release papers will have to go through the hands of Gen. Leonard Wood, commanding the Department of the East, and the War Department, recommendations of Gen. Harvey will be followed in practically every case.

This belief on the part of the officers and men, is borne out by another order issued by Secretary Baker

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.

Public Health Physicians Fear Infantile Scourge May Become Nation-Wide

Physicians of the United States Public Health Service are greatly alarmed at the epidemic of infantile paralysis now raging in New York City and, fearing the spread of the disease over the country, yesterday issued a warning to the public to take the utmost precaution to avoid contagion.

The service stated the disease is by no means peculiar to infants, but attacks adults with serious and often fatal consequences. Hot, dry weather is extremely favorable to the spread of the disease. It is declared, and the infantile paralysis germ is facile in finding vehicles to convey it.

One of the principal manifestations of the disease is the presence of nose and mouth secretions, and this substance, bearing highly fertile germs, readily is communicated unless great care is taken in using rigorous preventive measures. Flies carry infantile paralysis germs.

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.

German Populace Riots, Crying "Let Us Have Peace"

(By the International News Service.)

Berlin, the travelers assert. They shouted: "We have had enough of war; let us have peace."

The present disorders, according to the dispatch, are far more serious than the recent food riots, having all the characteristics of a popular revolt.

In some places the populace barred the streets. Fighting followed between the people and the police, and it is said that some persons were killed and wounded by the police, who, in many instances, lost their calm judgment.

Army Reserve to Be Ordered Out

War Department Issues Call
for 5,000 Furloughed
Regulars.

In order to hurry the completion of the new units authorized by the national defense act of June 3, the War Department has decided to call out the regular army reserve, consisting of between 4,000 and 5,000 men. The order affects former army men who have been furloughed into the reserve since November 1, 1915, after they had served with the colors for three years.

The army act, which passed November 1, 1912, provided for an enlistment period of seven years, four years' active service and three in the reserves.

The new units which the War Department desires to complete include seven regiments of infantry, two troops of cavalry, and three regiments of field artillery.

DIES TALKING OF HERO SON SLAIN AT CARRIZAL

(Sun News Service.)

Portland, Ore., July 6.—Without knowing his son had met death on the Carrizal battlefield, Samuel Adair, father of Lieut. Henry Rodney Adair, is dead today after a lingering illness. His last words were for his son.

"Henry is now a captain," he said. "Henry has received his promotion."

Lieut. Adair was to have been made a captain July 1. Morris Adair, another son, telegraphed to El Paso today asking that his brother's body be sent here. Father and son probably will be buried at the same time.

R. R. Officials Silent on Wreck.

Birmingham, Ala., July 6.—Officials of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad refused today to give any information concerning the wreck of the fast Cincinnati-New Orleans train No. 3, in a wash-out at Sparta, Ala. As far as could be ascertained here, only the fireman and engineer were injured.

\$2,000,000 Storm Hits Pensacola

Entire Water Front of City
Swept Away—Many
Lives Lost.

(By the Sun News Service.)

Jacksonville, Fla., July 6.—The entire water front of the city of Pensacola was entirely swept away by a tropical storm which visited that city last night and today, causing damage of more than \$2,000,000, and a great loss of life.

All efforts to get in communication with the city have proven futile, as all telephone and telegraph lines have been destroyed. Federal authorities here have been making efforts all day to get in touch with the wireless station in that city, but it is thought that plant was also destroyed.

Considerable anxiety is felt over the safety of Fort Barrancas, where several hundred soldiers and sailors are stationed.

MORE GUNS SENT SOUTH OF BORDER TO PERSHING

(By the International News Service.)

Columbus, N. Mex., July 6.—Preparations to ship field guns and ammunition carriages to Gen. Pershing's column in Mexico today appeared to contradict a report of a move to withdraw the punitive expedition of the United States.

Truck trains are being turned about and dispatched south with supplies for men and horses as fast as mechanics and quartermaster corps workers can re-fit and load them.

Educators Honor Dr. R. J. Ale.

New York, July 6.—Dr. Robert J. Ale, president of the University of Maine, was unanimously named as the next president of the National Education Association today.

Seek Prohibition in Iowa.

Des Moines, Ia., July 6.—A vigorous campaign to stamp out illegal liquor selling in Des Moines and Polk County, it is believed, will result from a meeting of city and county executives held today.

BOY-ED'S SUCCESSOR NAMED.

Athens Hears Baron Grancy Will
Join German Staff Here.

Athens, July 6.—It is reported here that Baron Grancy, naval attaché to the German Embassy, has been ordered transferred to the German Embassy in Washington to succeed Capt. Boy-Ed, who was recalled by the Kaiser at the request of the State Department last summer.

No confirmation of the report that Baron Grancy will be transferred from Athens to Washington was obtainable at the German Embassy here last night.

DOUBTS DEATH OF KITCHENER

Sir Richard Cooper, in Com-
mons, Demands Probe of
Hampshire's Loss.

URGES A COURT-MARTIAL INTO CAUSE OF WRECK

(By the Sun News Service.)

London, July 6.—A thousand and one mysterious reports and rumors revolving about the question "How was the cruiser Hampshire sunk?" and "Is Kitchener really dead?"—rumors that have been whispered from one end of the empire to the other since the announcement of the tragic end of the "K. of K." was issued—made their way into the house of commons this afternoon, where Sir Richard Cooper, in a startling speech, raised the demand "Investigate!"

"I urge," said Sir Richard, "that a court-martial be held on the loss of the Hampshire. I urge this emphatically, so that the numerous disquieting rumors regarding the ship's loss be quelled."

The speaker proceeded to explain that the survivors of the ill-fated cruiser do not agree as to the cause of the disaster, and he then startled the house by saying: "There is not direct evidence of Lord Kitchener's death."

It was not the statement itself, but the inferences that could be deduced therefrom, that caused a flutter through the ranks of the parliamentarians.

Thomas James McNamara, parliamentary undersecretary for the admiralty, said in reply, that there will be no further investigation.

U. S. RECLAIMS SOLDIER DEAD

Only Three of Nine Bodies
Brought Back from Car-
rizal Identified.

BODIES FOUND STRIPPED OF ALL THEIR CLOTHING

(Sun News Service.)

El Paso, Tex., July 6.—Carrizal has given up a part of its American dead, and another funeral train has come out of Mexico as did the train bearing the eighteen victims of the Santa Ysabel massacre last January.

Three of the nine bodies which were brought to El Paso this morning have been identified. They are Capt. Charles T. Boyd, Lieut. Henry Adair and Private Dewitt Rucker, Troop K, Tenth Cavalry.

No marks of identification have yet been found upon the bodies of the remaining six which have been brought from the battlefield at Carrizal, and they may be buried in the National Cemetery at Arlington with the unknown dead of other wars.

Mystery surrounds the location of the remaining four bodies of soldiers believed to have fallen at Carrizal. Rumors that these were burned on the battlefield are in circulation.

Capt. Boyd's body showed that he had died from a bullet wound through the right eye. Lieut. Adair died of a bullet wound through his chest. The negro troopers met death from bullets in the head and body.

The bodies of the nine victims were buried on the battlefield without clothing. After death, according to those who brought them out of Mexico, the bodies of the Americans were stripped. There was no evidence of mutilation.

The Mexican civilian population was extremely antagonistic and continually hissed the undertakers and their party while they were at work.

The body of Lieut. Adair will be sent to Portland, Ore., where his father, Samuel Adair, died last night without knowledge of the death of his son. Both will be buried at the same time.

Mine Explosion Kills 86.

Rome, July 6.—Eighty-six persons were killed, twenty-six were injured and 100 were entombed by the collapse of three sulphur mines in Palpanisetta during an earthquake today.

Free 1,200 Sinn Fein Rioters.

London, July 6.—Of the 3,000 persons arrested in Dublin during the Sinn Fein uprising, 1,200 have been released and the balance placed in an internment camp. It was announced in commons today.

British Mine Sweeper Torpedoed.

London, July 6.—The admiralty announced today that a British mine sweeper was torpedoed by a submarine in the North Sea on Tuesday, but was able to return to its harbor, its damage being slight.

ALLIES' DRIVE NOW DEPENDS ON BIG GUNS

Preparations Made for Bom-
bardment of German Sec-
ond and Third Lines.

FORCES ALL REALIGNED

Both Sides Grooming for the
Greater Clash Yet to
Come.

KAISER ARRIVES AT CABRAI

Germans, Driven Steadily Back, Pin
Their Hopes to Desperate
Counter Offensive.

(By the International News Service.)

London, July 6.—The great offensive movement of the allies on the Somme, designed to drive the Germans from France, has entered into its second phase. The sixth day of the battle was marked by a re-alignment of forces by both sides in preparation of the greater clash to come. The territorial changes during the day were only of minor importance, although the fighting was sharp and determined at many points of the line.

The first rush through the shell-swept German lines at an end, the French and British are already reported preparing to re-enact the operations by which they were enabled to sweep forward to within two and a half miles of the German key-position at Peronne. The big guns are being brought up across the conquered territory for a renewed preparatory bombardment against the German second and third lines.

On their part the Germans, already counter-attacking at many points, are reported tonight to be preparing for a tremendous counter offensive all along the twenty-five miles of front from south of the Somme to Commeourt.

Kaiser on Scene.

The Kaiser is reported unofficially to have arrived at Cabrai.

Desperately sharp fighting took place today south of the Somme, where the French front makes its nearest approach to Peronne. Here the Germans were particularly active in their counter-attacks and succeeded in gaining two small woods north of the village of Hem, while the French made some progress to the north of the town. Other strong German attacks directed from Bern-en-Santerre against the French captors of Estrees and Belloy-en-Santerre were repulsed, according to an official statement issued tonight by the war office at Paris. The German losses are said to have been heavy.

There was great activity all along the British front, the heaviest fighting taking place before Thiepval. From official reports it would seem that the fighting was at a draw. The British made some progress toward the town, but the Germans claim that this was offset by the progress of their counter-attacks in nearby sectors.

Allies' Situation Crucial.

While this comparative lull exists along the front the greatest activity is reported from behind the opposing battle lines for the new clash which is expected to come soon. The allies, it is pointed out, are now facing the most difficult situation in their offensive. They have carried the German first line and at points the second line has been broken by the French. They are now before the German main defensive positions, where the famous batteries of heavy guns are posted. Not only will the allies' guns have to outrange the Germans if they are to move farther forward, but they will require unlimited supplies of ammunition; even more than was expended in the seven-day preliminary bombardment of the German first lines.

"U-BOAT" COMMANDER DISGUSTED WITH WAR

(By